

VOL. XV. NO. 66.

LIMA, OHIO, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 31, 1893.

PRICE THREE CENTS.

## TO SALUTE OLD GLORY

A Great Day For the People  
of the Island of Cuba.

## SPANIARDS TO EVACUATE.

Sunday Morning 1894 Witness the With-  
drawal of the Spaniards from Havana  
and the Entry of Uncle  
Sam's Soldiers.

Havana, Dec. 31.—Following are the  
details of the evacuation day demon-  
stration:

At 11 o'clock on Sunday morning,  
Jan. 1, the United States troops will  
occupy the plaza in front of the cap-  
tain general's palace and the adjacent  
streets, the Spanish soldiers with-  
drawing and proceeding to the trans-  
ports awaiting them. Captain Gen-  
eral Castellanos and the members of  
his staff will remain in the captain  
general's apartments. Early in the  
morning details of United States  
troops will enter Morro castle and Ca-  
banas fortress, the Spanish troops  
thereupon withdrawing to the trans-  
ports, with the exception of a detach-  
ment of artillerymen, who will remain  
behind to fire a salute to the Ameri-  
can flag.

The United States military commis-  
sioners and their staffs, Major General  
Brooke, military governor of the  
island, Major General Lee, military  
governor of the province of Havana,  
Major General Ludlow, military gov-  
ernor of the city of Havana, and Com-  
modore John W. Philip, commander of  
the United States naval forces at Ha-  
vana, with their staffs, will join Cap-  
tain General Castellanos toward noon  
in the state salon of the palace. On  
the palace roof will be a Spanish of-  
ficer, probably, a captain's rank, ser-  
geants and a guard of privates, with  
Major Butler and a detail of United  
States infantry.

Immediately following the boom of  
the American salute to the red and  
golden flag of Spain, the Spanish of-  
ficer will lower the flag, and Major  
Butler will raise the stars and stripes,  
the Spanish guns saluting. The latter  
salute will carry its special signifi-  
cance to the brilliant company inside  
the palace. And Captain General Cas-  
tellanos, in a few words will transfer  
the government to Major General  
Wade of the United States military  
commissioner who, after replying to the  
captain general, will transfer it to Ma-  
jor General Brooke, military governor  
of Cuba.

As soon as these ceremonies are over  
Captain General Castellanos will leave  
the palace escorted by the United  
States troops proceeding across the  
plaza to the steamer Rabat, upon  
which he will embark for Matanzas.  
As the captain general crosses the  
plaza the United States troops drawn  
up there will salute. A short reception  
will follow in the state salon, after  
which the American general and his  
staff will proceed to the Hotel  
Bellevue to receive a column of United  
States troops.

Lieutenant Wade, the son of Major  
General Wade, will raise the American  
flag over Morro castle and Fitzhugh  
Lee Jr., etc., Captain's fortress.

Receives Report in Honors Case.  
London, Dec. 31.—The cabinet re-  
ceives a report of the last reply of  
Ernest T. Hooley, the company pro-  
secutor, is shortly to be printed. It  
will show that Mr. Hooley's net loss  
in the duration of 25 companies was  
£2,000,000. Various offenses will be  
charged, including insufficiency of as-  
sets to pay 10 shillings on the pound,  
in perfect books, rash speculation, ex-  
travagance in living, and possibly  
more serious allegations in connection  
with the missing books and papers.

Indicted For Bribery.  
Chicago, Dec. 31.—Indictments for  
jury bribing were voted against James  
Lynch and E. K. Powell by the grand  
jury. Charges to a number of similar  
cases are being investigated. Lynch is  
a court bailiff. Powell is a cattle  
buyer, and was a juror in one of the  
cases. The jury bribing is alleged to  
have been done in the interest of a  
street railway company, defendant in  
the cases in question.

Senator Morrill's Funeral.  
Washington, Dec. 31.—The funeral  
services of the late Senator Morrill  
were held in the senate chamber at  
noon, the Rev. Mr. Leavitt, pastor of  
All Soul's church, officiating, assisted  
by the chaplain of the senate. The  
services were of the simplest character.  
The president, the cabinet and mem-  
bers of the diplomatic corps attended.

Judgment Reversed.  
Cincinnati, Dec. 31.—Judge Hollister  
of the common pleas court reversed  
the judgment of the police court in a  
case involving the practice of Christian  
Science healing. Harriet Evans had  
been convicted in the police court of  
violating the law regulating the prac-  
tice of medicine. The upper court re-  
versed this.

Old Heard From.  
Washington, Dec. 31.—A cablegram  
was received at the war department  
from General Otis, in command at  
Manila, but to the disappointment of

the officials, he announced that he had  
not heard of the result of the  
landing of General Miller's forces  
at Manila.

Whole Family Prostrated.  
Cederville, Ga., Dec. 31.—J. O. Mat-  
thews' wife and eight children are  
prostrated with trichinae from eating  
pork sausage. The mother and one  
child are in a critical condition.

DEYAN BANQUETED.  
Nebraska Traveling Men's Club Tender  
Him a Reception.  
Lincoln, Dec. 31.—A complimentary  
reception and banquet to Colonel W.  
J. Bryan was tendered by the Nebraska  
Traveling Men's Club at the Lincoln  
Hotel. Invitations were sent to  
250 admirers of Mr. Bryan, which  
were with few exceptions accepted.

The only notable absentee was Con-  
gressman Bailey of Texas, who was to  
have responded to the toast "Democ-  
racy," but who telegraphed from  
Washington his inability to be pres-  
ent. The dining hall was thrown  
open at 9 o'clock, and the speech mak-  
ing began an hour later. Mr. Bryan  
responded to the sentiment "Ameri-  
ca's Mission: Let not the crimes of the  
east ever crimson thy name; be  
freedom and science and virtue thy  
fame."

The second most notable address  
was that of Hon. J. G. Johnson, Demo-  
cratic national committeeman from  
Kansas, who spoke to the sentiment  
"No Trusts." He took the position  
that the trust system of the country is  
the direct outgrowth of the protective  
tariff system, without which to prevent  
foreign competition there could be no  
successful "cornering" of any of the  
ordinary manufactured products of the  
country. He claimed that there was  
no present financial activity except in  
trust-protected industries, and insis-  
ted that the system had all of the worst  
elements of state socialism, without  
any of its advantages to the public.  
He closed by exhorting his hearers "to  
assist in the overthrow of the Republi-  
can party, and thereby eliminate  
both the protective tariff and the  
trusts."

He thought there was no heaven-  
cent call to carry freedom 7,000 miles  
across the sea when there is such a  
crying need for financial, commercial  
and industrial emancipation at home.

The other speakers were Governor  
Holcomb, Governor-elect W. A. Poynter,  
James H. Hadden, C. M. Hitchcock,  
editor of the Omaha World-Herald,  
Deputy Attorney General W. D. O'Don-  
nell and General J. B. Weaver of Iowa.

To Avoid Political Complications.  
Washington, Dec. 31.—The depart-  
ment of state recently received from  
the United States minister at Con-  
stantinople information that the min-  
ister of foreign affairs of Turkey had  
informed him that the Turkish govern-  
ment had no intention to prevent  
American citizens, whether Jews or  
Christians, coming as individuals and  
not en masse, from visiting Syria or  
Palestine as travelers or visitors, the  
only object of that government being  
to prevent further colonization of Pal-  
estine by Jews, as the settlement  
there of religious bodies in prepon-  
derating numbers might lead to politi-  
cal complications. The foregoing offi-  
cial announcement appears to have a  
direct bearing on the Zionist move-  
ment for the establishment of a Jew-  
ish nation in Palestine.

Celebration Abandoned.  
Pretoria, Dec. 31.—Strong representa-  
tions have been made to President  
Kruyer, urging him to forbid the pro-  
posed celebration on Jan. 2 of the de-  
feat of the Jameson raid. When, at the  
suggestion of the Pretoria Volksraad,  
the project was to burn Dr. Jameson  
in effigy. Owing to the paper's action  
the celebration has been abandoned.  
There is no doubt that such an ob-  
servance of Jameson day as has been  
planned would lead to serious riots.

Stamp Decision.  
Washington, Dec. 31.—Assistant At-  
torney General Boyd has rendered an  
opinion in which he holds that all re-  
ceipts given for goods, merchandise or  
property held in storage in a regular  
warehouse require the stamp provided  
for by the war revenue act.

Memorable Year.  
London, Dec. 31.—By common con-  
sent all the annual reviews in the  
morning papers regard the year 1893 as  
memorable for the Spanish-American  
war and the "manifest destiny" con-  
scientiousness of the English-speak-  
ing people.

Joined the Revolutionists.  
Lima, Peru, Dec. 31.—According to  
advices from La Paz, capital of  
Bolivia, it is rumored there that the  
advance guard of the troops under  
President Alonzo, sent against the re-  
volutionists, has made common cause  
with them.

Found a Pearl.  
Caldwell, O., Dec. 31.—David Mc-  
Kee, near this place, recently found,  
in Duck creek, a highly polished pearl,  
for which he has been offered \$100.

Treasury Statement.  
Washington, Dec. 31.—Condition of  
the treasury shows: Available cash  
balance, \$290,563,117; gold reserve,  
\$7,245,995,715.

## AN IMPORTANT PAPER.

Questions Incident to Expan-  
sion Discussed.

## JUSTICE BALDWIN'S VIEWS.

Constitutional Obstacle to the Open-Door  
Policy Pointed Out and the Right  
of Suffrage and Other Mat-  
ters Considered.

New Haven, Dec. 31.—Probably the  
most important paper read during the  
sessions of the American Historical  
association was that by Justice  
Simon E. Baldwin of New Haven on  
"The Constitutional Questions Inci-  
dent to the Acquisition and Govern-  
ment of Island Territory."

Professor Baldwin cited as one of  
the first difficulties which would arise  
by the acquisition of the Philippines  
the question of the right of suffrage.  
He said:

"As to the children born in former  
Spanish territory after the ratification  
of the treaty now pending, if it should  
be ratified, they will all be citizens of  
the United States and, under the fif-  
teenth amendment, entitled to the  
right of suffrage."

He added: "The provisions of the  
first article of the constitution that  
all duties, imposts and excises shall  
be uniform throughout the United  
States" will also prove an obstacle to  
any open-door policy of our protective  
system if it is maintained.

Prof Baldwin said that no constitu-  
tional authority can be found for the  
transfer of the Philippines to the Phi-  
lipinos.

Touching Cuba he said: "As to  
Cuba, Spain has relinquished her sov-  
ereignty, but she has not transferred  
it to us. The president is holding all  
these islands with the right of a mil-  
itary commander, but until the senate  
unreversed, a state of war still con-  
tinues, and these islands, though ours  
as to the rest of the world, are still  
Spain's as to us."

"How long and with what effect con-  
gress might allow our possessions to  
be held under military law; whether  
Puerto Rico can be held permanently  
as a colonial dependency, whether the  
Philippines could be held permanently,  
with or without a view of  
ultimately dividing them into states to  
be admitted as such into the Union,  
whether they could be given over to  
the inhabitants, whether Cuba, which  
we have freed under a pledge of non-  
self-aggrandizement, should we come  
to despair of its self-ability to govern,  
can be kept as a permanent part of  
the United States—these are questions  
which are not irrevocably settled so  
far as we can consult the oracles of  
the past, and in view of which the  
senate must act."

"The people of the United States  
must be asked to declare their will  
through the slow process of constitu-  
tional amendment, but until they  
speak we must take the constitution  
as it is."

## THE POISONING CASE.

An Important Clue Furnished by the  
Maker of the Tray.

New York, Dec. 31.—There is hope  
that the silver-plated tinplate received  
by Harry Cornish may prove conclu-  
sive as to the person responsible for  
the death of Mrs. Kate J. Adams and  
the poisoning of Cornish. It is not a  
bottle-holder, as it has been represent-  
ed to be, but a toothpick holder or ash  
receiver. A private mark is stamped  
in the silver of this little article. It  
is No. 514, toothpick holder or match  
stand. It was made in Newark, N. J.,  
by F. Frank A. Lebkuecker.

Mr. Lebkuecker said that only 15  
of the silver match safes of the designs  
sent to Cornish had been made by his  
firm. Of these one each had been sold  
in the following cities, New York,  
Newark, N. J., Baltimore, Syracuse, San  
Francisco and St. Louis. Two were  
sold in Middletown, Conn., and five  
were disposed of to firms in Chicago.

The names of the firms purchasing  
them, Mr. Lebkuecker withheld at the  
request of the police.

## Unwelcomed Guest Shot.

Sergeant, Ky., Dec. 31.—George Fra-  
zier, a prominent young farmer, gave  
a holiday dance, to which John Stid-  
borne came unbidden. Frazier ordered  
Stidborne to leave, and on his refusal  
to go shot him dead. Frazier gave  
himself up.

Going to Brooklyn.  
Waycross, Ga., Dec. 31.—Commodore  
J. W. Philip, late captain of the bat-  
tleship Texas, passed through Way-  
cross en route to Brooklyn, N. Y.,  
where he will assume command of the  
Brooklyn navy yard.

An Important Suit.  
Milwaukee, Dec. 31.—An important  
suit has been started in the circuit  
court of this city which if the plaintiff  
is successful will make every local  
railroad ticket agent the agent of  
every railroad in the United States.

## Funds to Be Sent.

Madrid, Dec. 31.—The cabinet has  
agreed to send additional funds to Cu-  
ba for the repatriation of the Spanish  
troops.

## A YEAR OF VICTORY.

Not Only In War, but In Financial and  
Industrial Results.

New York, Dec. 31.—H. G. Dun &  
Company's weekly review of trade  
said:

The center of financial power has  
crossed the ocean. After paying debts  
of several hundred millions abroad and  
conducting a war to an honorable end,  
the country is lending so many mil-  
lions in Europe that, for the first time,  
banks abroad look to New York to  
dictate the rate of exchange. Exports  
have been about \$1,250,000,000 and the  
excess over imports about \$617,000,000,  
against \$357,000,000 in 1892, and in only  
two previous years has the balance  
risen to \$369,000,000. In no past cal-  
endar year have net imports of gold  
reached \$75,000,000, but this year they  
have been about \$140,000,000. Novem-  
ber passed all previous months in  
value of produce exports over imports,  
but December has gone much beyond  
November.

Power in the world's markets comes  
with a demand for breadstuffs and  
other necessities never before equal-  
led. Exports of cotton have been over  
7,700,000 bales. Exports of breadstuffs  
have been, in value, \$283,918,294, in 11  
months, and have never been as large  
in any other year. Exports of wheat  
for the year, lacking a day or two,  
have been 218,594,636 bushels, flour in-  
cluded, and of corn 209,979,077 bush-  
els. The heaviest exports of both grain  
and flour in any previous year were  
59,000,000 bushels smaller, only 369,-  
220,513 in 1892.

The triumph in finance has been  
largely due to industrial progress. The  
output of pig iron has been about  
11,645,000 tons, the greatest yet reach-  
ed in any year by 2,000,000 tons and  
greater than Great Britain ever reach-  
ed by 2,500,000 tons. Yet the con-  
sumption in manufacture has been still  
larger in spite of net exports of pig.

Textile industries have been retarded  
by high prices of wool and abnormally  
low prices of cotton, both deterring  
purchases.

Failures in the United States for the  
week were 252 and in Canada 22, total  
274, against 259 last week, 292 the  
preceding week and 416 the corre-  
sponding week last year, of which 395  
were in the United States and 21 in  
Canada.

## Ordered Out the Militia.

Pana, Ills., Dec. 31.—Owing to a re-  
port received by Lieutenant Colonel  
Wells that miners from southern and  
central Illinois mining towns, heavily  
armed, were en route to Pana to join  
the miners and assist in driving out  
the negroes, the Gatling gun section,  
in readiness for quick service, was  
kept on duty, together with an unsu-  
spectedly heavy provost guard. Upon re-  
quest of Lieutenant Colonel Wells Ad-  
jutant General Reece ordered company  
C and K of the Fifth regiment. They  
arrived 60 strong at noon under com-  
mand of Captain Cassell.

## Eastern Bowlers Coming West.

New York Dec. 31.—Final arrange-  
ments for the annual western tour of  
the Greater New York bowlers were  
completed. After playing a two-days'  
series in Philadelphia the team will  
visit Wicksburg, Harrisburg, Balti-  
more, Washington, Akron, Delaware,  
London, Springfield, Dayton, Hamil-  
ton, Cincinnati, Lima, Lorain, Kenton,  
Toledo, East Toledo and Marion, O.;  
Indianapolis, Lawrenceburg, Frank-  
fort, Anderson, Logansport and La-  
poorte, Ind.; Newport, Lexington and  
Covington, Ky.; Chicago; Lansing,  
Jackson, Bay City, Detroit, Saginaw  
and Ann Arbor, Mich.

## Accept the Situation.

Havana, Dec. 31.—At sundown  
there were fewer Cuban and American  
flags in sight than usual, and the Cu-  
bans seemed to look more coldly on  
the American troops who are patrol-  
ling the city in force. Nevertheless  
the town folk can see no adequate  
reason for stirring up trouble, and  
they accept the decision of the military  
administration to allow no opportu-  
nity for disorder.

## A Murderer Hanged.

Springfield, Mass., Dec. 31.—Dom-  
inique Krathofski was hanged here for  
the murder of his stepdaughter, Vic-  
toria Pinkus, 16. The murder was  
committed on the morning of Jan. 17,  
1897. It was the result of jealousy and  
anger, the latter being the result of  
a complaint made to the police by the  
victim, whom he had ruined and sub-  
sequently treated with the utmost cru-  
elty. After shooting the girl twice  
with a revolver Krathofski shot him-  
self in the head.

## Window Glass Discounts.

Pittsburg, Dec. 31.—The American  
Window Glass company, the combine  
which controls the window glass out-  
put of this country, sent out notices  
changing discounts to take effect from  
Jan. 1, 1898. The changes are an in-  
crease of discount on double strength  
to 25 per cent and on single strength  
to 15 per cent.

## Engineer Injured.

Kinton, O., Dec. 31.—The north-  
bound passenger train on the Big Four,  
due here at 10:30, was delayed sev-  
eral hours by an accident at Richland.  
The driver on the engine broke,  
tearing off one side of the cab and in-  
juring Engineer Joe Allen severely.

## A DEAFENING TUMULT

Marked the Closing Scenes of  
the Hungarian Diet.

## THE SITTING SUSPENDED.

The Opposition Gathered on the Floor,  
and Only After Repeated Efforts  
Did the Premier succeed in  
Making Himself Heard.

Budapest, Dec. 31.—The Official Ga-  
zette publishes an imperial decree  
maintaining the present proportion be-  
tween the respective shares of expendi-  
ture devolving upon the two members  
of the dual monarchy.

Indescribable confusion marked the  
closing scenes in the lower chamber of  
the Hungarian diet. The National  
People's and Independent parties pro-  
tested against the unconstitutional  
conditions which they alleged would  
prevail by reason of the fact that the  
provisional Ausgleich will lapse.

Baron Banffy, the premier, attempt-  
ed to speak, but the tumult was so  
deafening that he could not be heard  
and it was necessary to suspend the  
sitting. When business was resumed,  
the members of the opposition gather-  
ed in the center of the floor and kept  
up an incessant uproar. After re-  
peated vain efforts the premier finally  
succeeded in speaking, and he con-  
cluded his statement by declaring that  
all responsibility for the situation  
rested upon those who had persistently  
obstructed public business.

## New Military Departments.

Washington, Dec. 31.—The war de-  
partment issued an order establish-  
ing two departments in and about  
Havana, namely, the Department of  
Havana, comprising the city proper,  
suburbs and an area of about 10 square  
miles; and the Department of the  
Province of Havana, comprising the  
territory outside of the city proper.  
Major General Ludlow is assigned to  
command the department comprising  
the city suburbs, and Major General  
Lee is assigned to the district out-  
side the city.

## "Might Versus Right."

Colon, Colombia, Dec. 31.—The local  
press, referring to the report that the  
Italian second class cruiser Piera-  
mosca, under command of Ammiraglio  
de Brocchi, has been ordered to Co-  
lombia waters to demand satisfaction  
for alleged recent insults offered to  
Italian naval officers, says that Colom-  
bia "should act with dignity, prudence  
and forbearance, so as to attract the  
attention of the nations of the world  
to the repeated display of might  
versus right."

## Root Beats Ryan.

Chicago, Dec. 31.—John Root of Chi-  
cago gained a decision over Australian  
Jimmy Ryan in a six-round go in the  
Seventh regiment armory. Root showed  
great cleverness in ducking and get-  
ting inside of Ryan's vicious  
swings and came out of the contest  
practically unmarked. Ryan, on the  
other hand, had his right eye cut and  
nearly closed, Root's left hand con-  
necting nearly every time he used it.  
Root forced the fighting throughout.  
Both men weighed in at 155 pounds.

## Reducing the Surplus.

Washington, Dec. 31.—United States  
Treasurer Roberts has mailed checks  
in payment of interest on the 4 per  
cent funded loan of 1907, amounting  
to \$5,559,000, due on Jan. 1. On Jan. 3  
he will mail checks in redemption of  
Central Pacific 6 per cent bonds due  
Jan. 1, amounting to \$12,700,000. By  
this means the treasury will materially  
reduce its stock of free gold, which  
amounted to nearly \$246,000,000.

## Eight Men Entombed.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Dec. 31.—Eight  
men were entombed by a cave-in in  
No. 18 shaft of the Lehigh and Wil-  
kesbarre Coal company at Wanamie.  
After a heroic rescue five of the men  
were taken out alive. The other three  
are still shut in, but it is expected they  
will be rescued. There is more than a  
possibility that they may be alive.

## New Silver Certificates.

Washington, Dec. 31.—Samples of  
the new 1898 issue of \$1 silver certi-  
ficates were shown at the treasury de-  
partment. They are printed from en-  
tirely new designs and are practically  
free from the defects of the old issues.  
The numerals are very large, and thus  
the danger of being raised is mater-  
ially reduced.

## Bought by the Santa Fe.

Kingman, Kan., Dec. 31.—The Wich-  
ita and Western railroad was sold at  
master in chancery's sale here to a  
representative of the Atchison, Topeka  
and San Fe Railroad company for  
\$75,000, the buyer assuming the in-  
debtedness of the road. This road is  
80 miles long and runs from Wichita  
to Pratt.

## Want Wages Restored.

Fall River, Mass., Dec. 31.—The tex-  
tile workers of the city are preparing  
to ask for a restoration of the 10 per  
cent reduction in wages made in the  
early part of the year. A general re-  
duction of wages which was made  
a year ago affected more than 25,000  
operators in Fall River cotton mills.

## REPLY OF FILIPINOS

To the Report of United States Commis-  
sioner Harden

Hongkong, Dec. 31.—The Filipino  
Junta here has replied as follows to  
the report of Commissioner Harden,  
who was sent to the Philippines by the  
government of the United States to  
report upon the conditions there pre-  
vailing:

"We deny that Aguinaldo will be  
satisfied if made a major general in  
command of five native regiments,  
and that if this is done the national  
army could be disbanded and dis-  
banded."

"We repeat our appeal for an im-  
partial inquiry by an able commis-  
sioner and implore the American people  
to refrain from a hasty decision."

"The Filipino government views  
with alarm Commissioner Harden's  
proposal to impose in America a high  
protective tariff against Philippine  
products."

"Hollo surrendered to the national  
army, which is the completion of the  
occupation of the island of Panay.  
There is no truth in the reported es-  
tablishment of an opposition republic  
in the Visayas. All the officials in the  
Visayas hold Aguinaldo's commission."

"The Filipinos are yearning for a  
peaceful settlement of all questions.  
To their brothers across the sea, the  
Filipinos send greeting and earnest  
prayer that with the new year will  
come a dawn of a new era of peace,  
prosperity and good fellowship with  
the free and beneficent people of the  
United States. Though but an infant  
among nations, yet are we strong if  
assured of the good will of the great  
American nation."

## Coal Operators Meet.

Terre Haute, Dec. 31.—At a very  
largely attended meeting of the coal  
operators of Indiana, a delegation of 11  
was appointed to attend the interstate  
conference to be held at Pittsburgh next  
month. J. Smith Talley of this city  
heads the delegation. It was decided  
that a reduction in the wage scale  
should be resorted to the last extren-  
ity. The block coal operators, as well  
as the bituminous operators, were in  
the meeting, which was called by the  
latter, and on the committee there are  
operators from both fields, which is  
something new in the procedure in  
this state.

## Storm Signals On.

Washington, Dec. 31.—Storm signals  
are displayed on the Atlantic coast  
from Eastport to Delaware breakwater.

## Struck It Rich.

Cadiz, O., Dec. 31.—Two new oil  
wells have been drilled at Scioto with  
a showing of about 100 barrels per day.  
Eleven rigs are just completed and  
about 15 others started. The town is  
full of strangers.

## MARKET REPORTS.

### Grain and Stock Quotations For Dec. 30.

Pittsburg.  
Cattle—Extra shipping, \$3 32½ to 60;  
prime, \$3 00 to 25; good, \$2 80 to 30; heavy  
butchers, \$4 00 to 75; fat, \$4 10 to 45;  
heifers, \$3 00 to 40; bulls, stags and cows,  
\$2 50 to 40; fresh cows and springers,  
\$3 00 to 60; calves—\$7 00 to 75;  
Hogs—Prime heavy, \$3 75 to 75; best,  
\$3 50 to 75; medium, \$3 25 to 75; best  
medium, \$3 00 to 75; fat, \$3 00 to 75;  
4 to 6, good, \$2 50 to 55; fat, \$2 00 to 25;  
choice hams, \$3 00 to 60, common to good,  
\$4 00 to 35.

### Butter.

Cattle—Butchers, \$4 00 to 50; shipping,  
\$3 50 to 25; tops, \$3 25 to 50; stockers and  
feeders, \$3 00 to 15; cows and heifers,  
\$2 50 to 40; calves—\$7 00 to 75;  
Hogs—Extra, \$3 75 to 75; best, \$3 50 to 75;  
medium, \$3 25 to 75; fat, \$3 00 to 75;  
4 to 6, good, \$2 50 to 55; fat, \$2 00 to 25;  
choice hams, \$3 00 to 60, common to good,  
\$4 00 to 35.

### Cleveland.

Hogs—Yorkers, \$3 30, medium and heav-  
ies, \$3 00 to 65; lights, \$3 50; mixed,  
\$3 00 to 65; pigs, \$3 00 to 65; stags and roughs,  
\$2 50 to 30.  
Sheep and Lambs—Good to best lambs,  
\$4 75 to 60; good to best sheep, \$3 50 to 60.  
Cattle—Good to best heavy steers, \$4 50  
to 70; fair quality, \$4 25 to 40; good lighter  
steers, \$3 25 to 40; fair quality, \$3 00 to 35;  
butcher cows, \$2 00 to 35; bulls, \$2 50 to 35;  
calves—Good to best, \$6 00 to 65.

### Chicago.

Cattle—Fancy, \$5 7



















The Easy Food  
Easy to Buy,  
Easy to Cook,  
Easy to Eat,  
Easy to Digest.  
**Quaker Oats**  
At all grocers  
in 2-lb. pkgs. or

What a Well Known Indiana Minister Recommends for Coughs and Colds.

I certify that FOLEY'S HONEY and TAR is excellent for those suffering with coughs and colds and especially good for children, the best I ever found.  
J. N. JASSUP,  
Pastor Christian Church, Vincennes, Ind.

Getting Along Well Together.

"Can you oblige me with a sheet of paper?"

"Yes."

"And an envelope?"

"Yes."

"And a postage stamp?"

"No, but here's 2 cents."

"Thank you; that will do just as well."

"Don't you want me to bring you a letter box?"

"I'm afraid it will be too much trouble."

"Not at all. If you'll wait around here half a minute, I'll call up the postal department at Washington."

"May I ask what for?"

"I'm going to request them to put the postage on wheels and have it follow you around."

"How kind! I am afraid this package is a little heavy for one stamp. Haven't you 2 cents more?"—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Baby Screamed One Hour. One Dose Brought Smiles.

MISSILLON, O., Nov. 6, '95.—Hand Medicine Co.—"I cheerfully bear witness as to the virtues of Dr. Hand's Colic Cure. Our baby, now nearly four months old, suffering much from colic. After having screamed with pain for over an hour we came upon Dr. Hand's Colic Cure and gave her a dose of it. In five minutes after taking she is all smiles, and at night we all sleep. Mrs. F. L. Traphagen, 46 W. Charles St." All druggists, 25c.

Washington's Farewell to Six Officers.

On Dec. 4 the officers of the army met in France's tavern to bid their chief farewell. Washington, as he rose and faced them, could not control his voice. He lifted a glass of wine and said: "With a heart full of love and gratitude, I now take my leave of you, most devotedly wishing that your latter days may be as prosperous and happy as your former ones have been glorious and honorable." They drank in silence, and Washington said: "I cannot come to each of you and take my leave, but shall be obliged if you will come and take me by the hand." Up they came, one by one, and one by one Washington, his eyes filled with tears, embraced them and said farewell. From the tavern they followed him to the ferry, where he entered his barge. As the boat moved away he rose and lifted his hat. His officers returned the salute in silence, and all was over.—Senator Henry Cabot Lodge in Scribner's.

Something for the New Year.

The world renowned success of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, and their continued popularity for over half a century as a stomachic, is scarcely more wonderful than the welcome that greets the annual appearance of Hostetter's Almanac. For valuable medical and domestic information, the Hostetter Company, Pittsburg, Pa., under their own immediate supervision, employing its hands in that department. They are running about 11 months in the year on this work, and the issue of same for 1899 will be over eleven millions, printed in the English, German, French, Norwegian, Swedish, Holland, Russian and Spanish languages. Refer to a copy of it for valuable and interesting reading concerning health, and numerous astronomical calculations and meteorological forecasts, which can be depended on for exactness. The Almanac for 1899 can be obtained free of cost from druggists and general country dealers in all parts of the country.

For Kidney Troubles

here is nothing better than Foley's Kidney Cure. Everyone who tries it will agree to this. H. F. Vorkamp, northeast corner Main and North Sts.

Happy Death.

The queen, with all her vast power, was yet very miserable—that is to say, she wasn't the least bit better or unconvinced.

"But at least," the queen was often heard to exclaim, with a cheerful smile, "I can die happily, if I choose!"

By this her majesty was currently thought to make reference to the fact of her having a dress which fit so well she couldn't breathe in it.—Detroit Journal.

**SORE LUNGS**  
Sore lungs, pain in the chest and painful breathing are quickly relieved and cured by the old reliable specific, Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup. This remarkable remedy breaks up a cold in one night and is, without doubt, the very best medicine for all affections of the throat and lungs. It has cured thousands and will cure you. It never disappoints. Try it at once.

**Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup**  
Will quickly heal Sore Lungs.  
Does not irritate or inflame the throat. Follows the cold. At all druggists.



COPYRIGHT 1898 BY THE AUTHOR.

CHAPTER VI.

THE FLAG OF TRUCE.

Weston Russell was dumfounded.

For a moment he stood speechless, and then when able to speak he asked:

"What in the name of heaven does it mean? That miscreant in the house? Who allowed him to enter?"

"Mother," was the calm reply of the daughter.

"It could not have been long ago, for I saw him within a half hour."

"He has been with us a less time than that."

"Did he enter by the same way that I came?"

"No; mother opened the door for him, and he walked in just as if he were one of the family."

"Edith, this is past comprehension. Your mother is one of those whose experience taught her to distrust his people. I shall never forget those incidents she told. What induced her to give him her confidence at this time of all others?"

Seeing the perplexed anxiety of her friend, Edith Huntley gave the particulars of what was certainly an extraordinary series of incidents, and since there seemed enough time at command she told her story from the beginning.

When the afternoon was so far along that the women began to look for the return of Mr. Huntley and Russell, Edith climbed the short ladder to the partial upper story and passed through the trapdoor to the roof, her small mirror in hand, for the purpose of indulging her taste in heliography. When ready to begin, she cast a sweeping scrutiny around the country. She had no thought of any impending danger, but was frightened to desert not far to the northward a party of Apache horsemen approaching on a gallop.

She called out the alarming news to her mother and then looked in the opposite direction for her friends. The forms of two horsemen far to the southward left no doubt of their identity, and she set the mirror to work with the result that has already been made known to the reader.

She was thus engaged, intent in her duties, when her mother, who was closely watching the hostiles, called to her that they were so near that it was not safe for her to remain on the roof another minute. Edith turned her startled gaze again to the northward and was so scared by the near approach of the Apaches that she abandoned her signaling in the midst of a sentence, stepped through the trapdoor, closed it after her and hurried down the ladder to her parent.

The latter had secured the lower door and all the windows. As has been stated, they had a Winchester apiece, with plenty of ammunition, and both knew how to use the weapons. The Apaches halted beyond range, though Mrs. Huntley believed she could reach them with either of the guns. It was agreed, however, that no shot should be fired until absolutely necessary. There was one chance in a hundred that the Indians meditated no wrong, though it was determined to keep them at a distance, at least until the arrival of some of the men, two of whom were in sight.

Naturally the attention of the women remained fixed upon the party, whose actions in more than one respect were singular. The group of horsemen kept their distance, and it was evident that they were holding some sort of council. Sometimes their branches reared and plunged, as if they shared the excitement of their riders, who gesticulated and swung their arms with a vigor that showed their councils were violently divided.

Mrs. Huntley and her daughter noticed that one of the Apaches wore a sombrero like those used by the white men, and it was plain he was a leading disputant. His clothing, too, so far as seen, was of a civilized pattern. These peculiarities drew attention specially to him—a fact that led Edith to hunt up the binocular presented to her by Weston Russell and to bring it to bear on the group.

It was then that the two were astonished beyond measure by the discovery that that particular Apache was their old acquaintance We-way-ma. At first they could scarcely believe their own eyes, but a brief study through the glass removed the last doubt. It was he beyond question.

In that bitter moment, Edith recalled the declaration of the railway conductor that the young buck would be a member of the first raiding gang that broke away from the reservation and that the Huntley ranch would be the first visited and the people would receive no mercy from We-way-ma, for no reason than that they had acted the part of good Samaritans toward him.

Her feelings were similar to those of Weston Russell. Every vestige of faith vanished, and there was nothing left to believe of the migrate. Great was her astonishment, therefore, when her parent tried to find an excuse for his action.

"You can see that an angry dispute is raging among the party, and if I read signs right We-way-ma is almost alone in maintaining some position. What more likely than that it is a plea for consideration toward us?"

"I admit," replied her daughter, "that the rule is that every Apache who goes off on a raid is hunting the lives of innocent white people. But

why is We-way-ma with the party at all? Why did he not stay at home?"

This was the crucial question the mother had already asked herself and which forbade her gathering much hope from the situation. On the other hand, it was unquestionable that a quarrel was raging among the dusky horsemen.

"It is over the best method of bringing about our deaths," was the bitter declaration of Edith, who was among the most impulsive of her sex.

While the wrangle was under way and apparently at its height three of the Apaches withdrew from the party and circled round to the southward. What followed has been told, all of it being seen by the mother and daughter, who required no one to interpret its meaning to them.

The dispute lasted a long time, and more than once it looked as if the parties would break into a fight among themselves. So absorbed indeed were they in the wrangle that the stirring encounter a short distance off, in which one of their number lost his life, received little or no attention at their hands.

The sequel was in keeping with the curious incidents of that afternoon and night. Suddenly a calm fell upon the group. They had agreed upon a line of action. While the rest remained stationary one of their number rode forward toward the ranch building. He was We-way-ma in his sombrero, and when yet some distance off was seen to be flustered a white handkerchief over his head, showing him to be approaching under a flag of truce.

"He brings some message," said Mrs. Huntley. "What can it be?"

"A summons to surrender under promise of good treatment, to be followed by the most dreadful of deaths for us," was the spirited reply of the daughter.

"We shall soon know."

"Will you admit him?"

"That is not necessary."

"What, then, are you doing?" asked the amazed Edith, as her mother began withdrawing the heavy bar that held the door in place.

"I will open it a few inches. You will stand just behind the opening, so that your body is protected. I will take position at your shoulder with my gun ready for instant use. I shall never take my eyes off of him; at the first suspicious move he makes I will shoot him dead."

"I will do as you wish," said the daughter, to whom the situation in its element of novel danger was not without a certain attraction, "and you will remember that everything depends upon you."

"Have no misgivings when your life is at stake," was the calm response.

By this time We-way-ma was within fifty yards of the door, which his keen eyes saw was drawn back a few inches. He was still swaying his handkerchief, but less vigorously than before, as if he felt that he had accomplished his purpose and he would not be molested if he turned it to his pocket. Rounding up his pony, he slipped from the saddle (he was the only member of the party thus provided) and advanced on foot. It was noted that he had left his rifle with his comrades, and if he carried any other weapon it was not in sight. Evidently he knew the customs of civilized warfare.

After dropping upon his feet he rapidly swung the flag of truce in front of his face, but did not move forward.

"I understand," called Edith Huntley through the open door. "Your signal will be respected, but at the first move!"

Before she could finish the sentence her mother sharply interrupted her.

"Make no threat, for it will make him cautious. I wish him to attempt whatever he has in mind; if it is evil it will mark the end of his career."

It will be admitted that this was not calculated to soothe the nerves of the daughter, but she followed the advice of her parent.

"We-way-ma, put up your handkerchief; we recognize it as a flag of truce. Come forward and say whatever you have to say."

The Apache was dressed much the same as when a passenger on the railway train. He pressed the white handkerchief into the upper side pocket of his coat, leaving a little exposed at the top, as if he wished to make the best appearance he could before the young lady. Then, with striking coolness, he drew out a cigarette, struck a match on the bottom of his shoe, took several puffs of the twist of tobacco and sauntered forward as if intending to make a formal call.

As may be supposed, the whole party of Apaches from the backs of their ponies were attentively watching his movements. Neither they nor their animals stirred, but the eyes of the riders took in the minutest actions. It is not unlikely that they approved what they witnessed, for it showed self confidence on the part of the messenger and indicated that his cool offensiveness had already decided their prospective victims.

We-way-ma was still advancing and was within a rod of the door, with no apparent intention of stopping, when Edith Huntley called:

"Stop! There is no need of coming nearer."

He halted and contentedly raised his sombrero, the wide smile on his un-

dermined features displaying no perfect teeth.

"Have it with all that, We-way-ma, and say what you have to say," admonished the young woman, finding it hard to keep her lips from smiling.

"I hope you and family all well."

"We are and the better for seeing you."

"Who is in house with you?"

"Thought to let you of the first one of your people who tries to enter."

"Apaches and I met just you to come out and give yourselves up. They say they will not hurt you; can go to Tucson or Phoenix."

"Why do they want us to come out of our own home?"

"So can burn it down."

"And what business have they to turn down our home?"

The young warrior shrugged his shoulders.

"They on raid—burn many houses."

"Do you advise us to come out and do as they ask, We-way-ma?" was the pointed question of the young woman.

"I am only 23 years old," said the matter as he leaped in the bathroom with his swimming clothes on, "and the ambition of my athletic career is to be able to make the All America swimming team that will go to Paris in 1900 to swim for the honors that will be similar to those at the Olympic games in 1896. If I can do that, I will make the Paris race my last and best."

"What might be called a coincidence occurred recently. While I was discussing the Paris exposition and the possibility of William Hale Thompson being the athletic director of the American



He rapidly swung the flag of truce.

who in her intensity of feeling thrust her face further from behind the door. All the time her mother was standing in a direct line behind her with her Winchester partly raised ready to fire the very second she saw anything amiss. Never once did she remove her gaze from the countenance of the young Apache, who, instead of immediately replying to the incisive query of the young woman, fixed his black eyes upon what he could see of her face. Looking intently for a moment he lowered his voice and said in a quick, earnest tone:

"No. Don't trust 'em!"

The reply was unexpected and startling. The daughter rallied first and said:

"Tell us what to do, We-way-ma."

"Shoot all 'Paches'! Day tell lies! Day kill you—kill all people—if you don't kill 'em!"

Then he raised his voice, so that his comrades possibly might hear him.

"Come out—give up—won't hurt—must come soon!"

Flinging away his cigarette, he turned and walked back to his waiting pony, vaulted into the saddle and rejoined his comrades, to whom he made his report. There is no means of knowing its precise nature, but in some way he managed to get them to withdraw a little farther to a point where they speedily faded from view in the gathering darkness.

The warning words of We-way-ma won the complete confidence of mother and daughter, and when, some time later, there was a cautious knock on the door and they assured themselves that it was he the parent did not hesitate to open and admit him.

This was the story hastily told to Weston Russell as he and Edith Huntley stood in the gloom near one of the rear windows.

"It is all very interesting," was the comment of the young man, "but it doesn't give me a particle of faith in him. He has fixed upon a scheme for your undoing, and his presence in the house is a part of it. Take me to him. This matter must be forced to an issue, and there isn't a single minute to throw away."

TO BE CONTINUED.

"I had a running, itching sore on my leg. Suffered tortures. Doan's Ointment took away the burning and itching instantly, and quickly effected permanent cure." C. W. Lenhart, Bowling Green, O.

An Expert Opinion.

New Owner (proudly showing horse)—"Rather high bred, don't you think, eh?"

Horse Expert—Yes; rather hybrid, that's a fact.—[New York Weekly.]

The Modern Mother

Has found that her little ones are improved more by the pleasant Syrup of Figs, when in need of a laxative effect of a gentle remedy, than by any other. Children enjoy it and it benefits them. The true remedy, Syrup of Figs, is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only.

A Visitation Imminent.

Mr. Pitt—I think that Harrisburg is doomed to suffer an epidemic of influenza.

Mr. Penn—What makes you think that?

Mr. Pitt—Because so many members of the legislature will soon go thither with their gripsacks in their hands.

Improvement in Hog Killing in Jersey.

Many farmers in south Jersey, now in the midst of hog killing, have departed from the usual custom of inviting several neighbors who come merely for the purpose of getting a good dinner and do as little work as possible. This season help is hired, and the work is accomplished in half the usual time. —Platfield Press.

Try Grain-O! Try Grain-O!

Ask your Grocer to-day to show you a package of GRAIN-O, the new food drink that takes the place of coffee. The children may drink it without injury as well as the adult. All who try it like it. It is a food and not a stimulant. It is made from pure grains, and the most delicate stomach receives it without distress. It is the price of coffee, 10c and 20c per package. Sold by all grocers.

AMERICAN SWIMMING TEAM.

Paul Neumann, Swimmer to Take One to Paris in 1900.

Dr. Paul Neumann, of Chicago, the champion swimmer of the University of Pennsylvania, has made application for membership in the Chicago Athletic association. He desires there shall be no question of his ability or standing. The efforts of the big club will vote him in at the coming meeting for Neumann, who is at the club-house, and enjoys a large acquaintance. There are interesting facts about the great swimmer which have been unknown until the other day.

"I am only 23 years old," said the matter as he leaped in the bathroom with his swimming clothes on, "and the ambition of my athletic career is to be able to make the All America swimming team that will go to Paris in 1900 to swim for the honors that will be similar to those at the Olympic games in 1896. If I can do that, I will make the Paris race my last and best."

"What might be called a coincidence occurred recently. While I was discussing the Paris exposition and the possibility of William Hale Thompson being the athletic director of the American

branch of sports there, I had occasion to go to the public library to look up a book. Seeing the name of a volume in German about the Olympic games of 1896, I called for it, and was surprised upon opening it at random to find there was my own picture staring me in the face.

"If I go to Paris to swim, I shall pay my own expenses, just as I have done in the past. There are not many amateurs in America. I boast that I am one. Fortunately for me, I have an income that permits me to have plenty of leisure. I am passionately fond of swimming, and would rather engage in a quarter mile race than eat. You may not believe it, but I did not know my thing about swimming five years ago. To this day I do not swim at my best in short races. The 500 meter event of the longer races are more to my notion. I hope the C. A. A. will repeat its Lincoln park lagoon championship events. Great crowds were attracted by these events, and I think the cherry circle got more favorable advertising out of them than it did by playing football. Of course I return to the University of Pennsylvania to take my post graduate course, but I will always be ready to pack my valise and go where I can swim in the colors of the C. A. A.

"My introduction to America, I might say, came when I was ushered into the C. A. A. Now that I am likely to become a permanent resident of the United States, I will not forget the hospitality of the C. A. A. I will become a member, pay all my expenses, go to meets and endeavor to keep my amateur standing."—Philadelphia Press.

TO PREVENT CONSUMPTION.

Dr. Stephen Morris, eminent British Specialist, Describes His Plan.

Dr. Malcolm Morris, the leading skin specialist who originated the scheme for a national association for the prevention of consumption, which has been promoted by the Prince of Wales, said the other day in reply to inquiries:

"Consumption is now known to be infectious, and as there are a quarter of a million consumptives in Great Britain the matter is one of national importance if the race is not to be endangered by the disease. Consumption has also been proved to be curable when taken in time and dealt with by open air treatment.

"The sanitarians we intend to start are to be self supporting, and are intended for that vast class of sufferers from consumption who are too proud to go into a public hospital and too poor to leave foggy England. Emigration has been done by the lung sanatoria in Germany, and our object is to start similar institutions here. We have already received liberal promises of support. Several millionaires are enlisted in favor of the scheme, and Werner, Beit & Co. have already subscribed \$100,000. The Prince of Wales' warm interest in the scheme is sufficient to guarantee its success."—Special Cable New York World.

Great Domino Game to Georgia.

Athens has a domino game in progress that probably has no equal in the world. A gentleman and his two sons started this game several years since, and it is not finished yet. First one and then the other has been in the lead, until now the score of one of the sons is 133,045, the score of the other son 153,025, and the father brings up the rear with 148,612.—Richmond Times.

Improvement in Hog Killing in Jersey.

Many farmers in south Jersey, now in the midst of hog killing, have departed from the usual custom of inviting several neighbors who come merely for the purpose of getting a good dinner and do as little work as possible. This season help is hired, and the work is accomplished in half the usual time. —Platfield Press.

**PIMPLES**  
CURED BY  
**OUTIGURA SOAP**

Dr. J. C. Outigura Soap, my face and hands were just as rough as could be and my face was covered with pimples. I was unable to do anything but wash my face with this soap three times a day, and in three weeks my face was equal to that of a baby.

File, 113. PAUL BUTTE, Chas. La.

I suffered with blackheads and pimples for two or three years until it became chronic. I tried everything imaginable, but it did me no good. Outigura Soap cured me.

Sub. 113. L. Y. CHAMBER, Oak P. O., Va.

I was troubled for eight years with pimples on the face. I commenced using Outigura Soap. In a very short time the pimples all disappeared and my skin is now in a healthy condition. JAMES FOSTER.

File, 113. J. C. OUTIGURA, Chas. La.

Sold throughout the world. Price 25c. Outigura Soap and Outigura Cream, Sole Proprietors, Boston.

How to Prevent and Cure Pimples, mailed free.

Lager Beer and Malt Extract

Bottled for family use, Lima's best home production, delivered to all parts of the city.

QUILNA BREWING CO.,

Phone 37. LIMA, O.

CINCINNATI HAMILTON & DENTON

CINCINNATI

INDIANAPOLIS

CHICAGO DAYTON TOLEDO DETROIT

Direct Line From TOLEDO

DAYTON, CINCINNATI,

LOUISVILLE,

MEMPHIS,

NEW ORLEANS,

JACKSONVILLE,

ASHEVILLE,

FLORIDA,

TEXAS and the SOUTH.

Cincinnati Line.

8 Trains Daily

DETROIT to CINCINNATI.

5 Trains Every Weekday

TOLEDO to CINCINNATI

INDIANAPOLIS LINE.

8 Trains every weekday from DETROIT

and TOLEDO to INDIANAPOLIS.

vestibule sleeping cars on night trains. Parlor cars







## BLIND

## As the Winged Bat

The Pinkerton Detectives' Trail Proved to Be.

It Led to the Janitor.

Who Was Flatly Ordered to "Cough Up" the Money.

But He Said He Didn't Have It, and Helped the Sleuths Hunt for It—A Stronger Scent Thought to Have Been Struck.

The mysteries of the American National Bank robbery, over which the Pinkerton detectives and local officers of the law have now put in nearly a week's hard work, are apparently as deep to-day as they were Monday morning when the outer door of the vault was found locked open. The trail that was taken by the Pinkerton chief, superintendent Irie yesterday proved to be a blind one so far as relevant developments were concerned and also proved that so far as the public is concerned, janitor Bowsler, who was first to discover the evidence of the robbery Monday morning, is above suspicion.

Another new clue was taken by detective Irie this morning, and what he discovered by following the new scent, which seems to be stronger and more promising than the one followed yesterday, is awaited with interest for startling developments.

## POLICE HAVE A CLUE.

The fact that the case has been given into the hands of the Pinkerton man does not indicate that the police have abandoned the search. On the contrary chief Watts and some of his men are working on a clue that is of considerable importance and before the Pinkerton sleuths close in at the end of the trail the local officers will doubtless be heard from.

## BLIND TRAIL

The trail taken by Pinkerton chief Irie yesterday has resulted in simply nothing. Janitor Bowsler's tracks were being uncovered, and he was given another Turkish bath in the Pinkerton "sweat-box," but all efforts to gain information of value from this source were fruitless. During the morning Bowsler was summoned into the private room in the rear of the bank, where he was startled by being ordered to return the missing money before 1 o'clock in the afternoon or be placed behind the bars. He assured detective Irie and Messrs. Kalb and Michael, with whom he was closeted, that he knew nothing more about the robbery than they did and that he could not return the money without knowing who took it or where it had been hidden. He was told that it had been known for two days that he knew where the money had been hidden, and finally Mr. Michael told him that if he would return the money they would give him \$50.00 and would ask no questions. He was told that they knew he had concealed the money in the basement under the opera house. Detective Irie advised Bowsler that he had better accept the offer, but he replied that he could not return the money if they would give him \$100.00. The party then visited the basement and every nook and corner was searched, but no money or even a suspicious circumstance was found. Bowsler said he wanted his living apartments in the upper floor of the block searched, but the detective declined and the search in this line was abandoned.

## BOWSLER WAS "NEXT."

At 5:30 o'clock this morning, janitor Bowsler carried a sack of waste paper out of the basement into the alley to burn it. He had taken the first handful of paper out of the sack and struck a match to ignite it, when a detective, playing the role of a hobo stepped up with a satchel hat pulled down over his eyes and his overcoat collar turned up and trying to shiver, said to the janitor:

"I'm glad you've got a fire; I just got in and I'm nearly frozen."

"Well, by the time you get over to the Lima House, breakfast will be ready," replied Bowsler, proceeding with his work, and the sleuth hound moved on without making another effort to get "next" to the man he was "spotting."

About 10 o'clock this morning janitor Bowsler went to president Mayo and informed him that if he was not considered honest and could not be trusted in the bank he would resign. Mr. Mayo said he would leave the matter to the board of directors.

Bowsler says that he was accused of having planned the robbery some time ago and that he polished the doors to the vault in order to become familiar with the mechanism of the locks and see just where the money was kept. He states that it has been a year since he polished any of the doors, and he then did it at the request of Mr. Mayo. He says he never knew anything about the combination and never saw the book containing a record of them.

## A CONVICT

When anything important turns up, either in Europe or America, says the Columbus Press Post, it can be de-

pendent upon that the penitentiary is not for developments of some kind, and some of the points in favor of a parole or pardon case.

Prosecuting Attorney J. C. Ridenour, of Allen county, called at the prison today for the purpose of interviewing prisoner John Ray, who was sent down from Allen county to serve 10 years for shooting to kill. The victim in this case was the late guard Lauterbach. Ray has had considerable experience with safes and time locks, and the prosecutor got some very important information from Ray.

The prisoner has a theory that any time lock that was ever made can be stopped at any time with the use of a powerful magnet, and that it can be then started again at will. In this way the designing operator can so arrange that the safe will be opened at the time he chooses to call. This is the way, according to Ray's theory, that the bank at Lima was robbed of \$18,000 a short time ago.

Ray seems to know just what he is talking about. He makes the assertion that he can open any safe or lock at any time and under any circumstances which he chooses. It is possible that an arrangement will be made whereby he will be enabled to practically demonstrate his theories, and it is possible that a clue will be picked up in this way which will solve the Lima bank robbery mystery.

Ray is a fifteen years' prisoner, as stated before, and if he remains at the institution until the expiration of his sentence, he will have spent the part of his life in which he could have operated as a safe manipulator. His term began in July, 1896.

## SAFE EXPERT

OF TOLEDO SAYS THAT STEEL WOULD NULLIFY MAGNETS.

A dispatch from Toledo says: "Emil Grab, of this city, who is considered one of the best safe experts and electrical engineers in the country, to-night in his factory demonstrated his claims that it is impossible to open a time lock safe with a magnet. Mr. Grab said that if a time lock was set, say to open at 10 o'clock in the day, and the other side set to open at 10 at night, then all that would be necessary in that case would be to turn the knob and the safe would open. He says the steel door of the safe would destroy all the effect of the magnet before its attraction could reach the time lock."

Mr. Grab and his ability as a safe expert, are well known in this city. He was summoned here to open the safe that had been robbed in the Buckeye Pipe Line office in the Faurot block about a year ago, and has opened a number of other safes in the city that were out of order.

## SCALDED

By Falling Into a Pail of Boiling Hot Water.

Three-Year-Old Son of B. F. Wharton Frightfully Injured.

About 1:45 o'clock this afternoon, Paul, the little three-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Wharton, of south Union street, was frightfully scalded about the limbs and body by falling into a large pail that had just been filled with boiling hot water.

Mrs. Wharton had just filled the bucket with water and was preparing to scrub the kitchen floor, when the child accidentally fell backward into the hot liquid. Dr. Jenkins was called. The boy is terribly burned, but may live.

## WINTER TERM

At Lima Business College Opens Monday, Jan'y 2nd.

Monday morning Lima Business College will resume work for the New Year in all departments. Already eight new students have registered. These added to the eighty-seven now in attendance will make the school larger than it has ever been before. It is evident from the patronage extended to Lima Business College, that pupils prefer to attend an institution that has an established reputation for thorough work.

## The Oil Market.

Texas	1.10
Pennsylvania	1.10
Barnesville	1.09
Corning	1.08
New Castle	1.07
North Lima	1.06
South Lima	1.05
Indiana	1.04

## Remember the Piano

Drawing, Monday morning, Jan. 2nd, at 10 a. m. All interested will be welcome. HOOVER BROS.

The "La Medina" is also made in our own dear city; it is not made by cheap labor, but by experienced union men. It is the best cigar made in Lima. Try one and be convinced. Sold by all dealers and made by the Vandenberg Cigar Co., 322 north Main street, Lima, Ohio. eodbt

## No Lights To-night.

Owing to the failure of the gas supply it is not likely that Hoover Bros.' store will be illuminated this evening.

Smoke "La Medina," Havana filler, Sumatra wrapper, and well made by union men. Price, 5c; \$35 per thousand. eodbt

Roasted Pig and Oyster Dressing Saturday evening at Hummel's, free. 4-St

## WRECKED

## By an Explosion of Gas

And Then Consumed by the Fire That Followed.

Natural Gas Co's Pump Station at Red Key Destroyed—Service to Be Repaired by Monday.

About six o'clock this morning two boiler houses and a pump house belonging to the Natural Gas Co., and located near Red Key, Ind., were destroyed as the result of an explosion, which is supposed to have been caused by the bursting of a fitting in the discharge line. This allowed the gas to escape into the air, and there being quite a breeze at the time it was carried to the boiler houses, each about 100 feet distant, where it came in contact with the fire beneath the boilers, and then came the flash, followed by flames which destroyed the buildings.

The flames left one pump station intact, and just as soon as the connections with the boilers can be made the pumps there-in will be started. Immediately after the company was notified of the accident, it started a special train from Indianapolis with the necessary supplies to repair the damages. At the time of the explosion there were several men employed about the station, but none were injured to any great extent, engineer W. E. Robinson being only slightly burned.

Secretary Cole, in talking of the situation this afternoon, said:

"The gas will not go clear out for we still have the field pressure. The company has made arrangements to get some gas from the Springfield line, which secures its supply from near Sugar Grove, in Logan county, and this combined with the natural pressure from our own wells will help out until we can repair the damage. The company will work night and day and spare no expense to restore its former good service at the earliest possible moment, and this I believe will not be much later, if any, than Monday."

## MAYOR'S COURT.

Charles Kemp Changes His Plea to Guilty

And is Sentenced to Ten Days' Imprisonment and Fined.

Charles Kemp, who was arrested and arraigned in mayor's court yesterday on a charge of having sold a step-ladder that belonged to the Newson-Deakin-Road Co., was brought up for trial at 1 o'clock this afternoon. He changed his plea to guilty and Mayor Prophet sentenced him to ten days imprisonment and a fine of \$15.

Charles Sowers was fined \$4.00 for being intoxicated. He paid the amount and was released. Thomas Scott was fined \$8.00 for drunkenness and was committed to the city work house.

## NEWS AND NOTES

About People and Events.

All banks will be closed Monday, it being a legal holiday.

The Chautauquans will meet with Miss Bower Monday evening.

Miss Wayne Zimmerman, of east North street, is recovering from a siege of a gripe.

The dry goods house of G. E. Blum wishes you all a Happy New Year. Store will be closed all day Monday.

The Spinnet Club will meet at the home of Mrs. George E. Reel, on north Pierce street, next Thursday afternoon.

Miss Carrie Curtis, of west Spring street, entertained a number of her friends at a 6 o'clock dinner Wednesday evening.

Pastor's Union will meet on Monday morning at the Y. M. C. A. rooms at 10 o'clock. Rev. S. A. Chapman will read a paper.

Miss Anna L. Welsh, of Delphos, has been given a life certificate to teach in the common schools of Ohio by the state board of school examiners.

Lima Lodge of Elks will keep open house Monday in the parlor of their lodge room. Not only the members of the lodge, but the public in general, are extended an invitation.

Thursday Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Gallagher, of west Spring street, were host and hostess to Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Collins and children, of Hamilton, O., who have been spending the holidays here.

The annual meeting of the Lima Home and Savings Association for the election of officers and directors will be held Monday evening, Jan. 2, from 7 to 9 o'clock at the office of the association.

A. E. Beach, of the Commercial-Tribune, who has been in the city for the past few days looking after the bank robbery, returned to Columbus this afternoon. Mr. Beach is the Tribune's representative at Columbus.

Miss Hill, of west North street, a teacher in the south Pine street school building, was pleasantly surprised by about twenty of her little pupils, who called on her Wednesday afternoon. The time was passed in games and other amusements.

The new two-step, "The Princess Grand," which was recently composed by Glen R. Crum, of this city, is becoming a popular "hit," and it merits

all the popularity it is as a purring. The air is catchy and the arrangement very good. The young musician and composer has a promising future.

Charles L. Kimball, assistant general passenger agent of the Pennsylvania system of railroad lines, is in receipt of a letter, which, to say the least, astonishes him. The letter is from a Wooster, O., man, and he enclosed a postal note for \$5 "conscience money." According to the letter, he had stolen rides on freight trains and the money sent, is to pay, as far as it will go, for them.

Miss Nellie Doane gave a holiday party to twenty of her friends in honor of her guest, Miss Emma Shriver, of Chicago. Progressive pedro was indulged in until a late hour, when Minnie Myers and H. C. Miller were awarded first prizes, while Katherine O'Brien and Harry Botkins were consoled with the boobies. Dainty refreshments were served and a pleasant evening enjoyed by all.

The L. A. to B. of R. T. have elected and installed the following officers for the year 1899: Misses, Neal Davis; vice mistress, Minnie Huber; secretary, Orpha Waltermeyer; treasurer, Maw Waltz; conductress, Mary Halterman; chaplain, Mattie Long; Warden, Katie Brandt; inner guard, Melinda Kennedy; outer guard, Maggie Baldwin; journal agent, Kate Greenfelter; councilman Dennis Goonen; past mistress, Anna Goonen.

## THE WATER

Taken From a Dead Line for the Examination.

Superintendent Stout Talks About the City Water.

Mr. J. O. Stout, superintendent of the water works, was seen by a TIMES-DEMOCRAT representative this morning relative to the bad reputation given the local water supply by the state board of health. He said:

"The water that was sent to Columbus for examination was taken from a practically dead line, in that it was drawn from the faucet in the Wells-Fargo & Co. office, where very little water is used. It was taken at a time when a large amount of salt water was getting into the receiving reservoir from the oil wells that have been drilled along Lost Creek. As soon as this was discovered, all the water that had accumulated in the receiving reservoir was let out into Lost creek, and at the pump station the suction pipe and valve were raised so as to escape the saline water that had settled at the bottom because of its weight. The city supply is therefore now just as pure as it ever was, and the public need have no fear of a return to the condition that prevailed for a day or two."

## HOLIDAY

Ball of the Quilna-Army Society Last Night

Was a Brilliant Event—Guests From Out of the City.

Christmas and New Years cheer prevailed last evening at Music hall, and the red holly with its dark leaves helped to complete the stage decorations of palms and ferns. The orchestra was one of nine pieces and the selections were mostly popular airs for all the sixteen numbers on the programme. The gallery was filled with privileged spectators who enjoyed the pretty scene watching the dancers move through the ever popular two-step and the occasional quadrille with a rest between whiles in the reception hall or a lunch at the buffet table, with its tempting array. The dancing men from out of town were: Messrs. George Southard, of Buffalo; Jo Hughes, of Kansas; Ned Riley, of London, O.; Howard, of Columbus; Beeler, of St. Marys; Clarence Hughes, of Beaver, Pa.; Jack Davis, of Columbus. The visiting ladies were: Miss Shelly, of Allegheny; Miss Forgie, of St. Marys; Miss Glancey, of Cincinnati; Miss Fuller, of Winfield, Kansas; Mrs. Ned Riley, of London, Ohio; Miss Elizabeth Reddick, of Findlay; Miss Lulu Williams, of Columbus; Miss Cooper, of Louisville; Miss Marie Curran, of Delaware; Miss Harriet Fowler, of Ft. Wayne, and Mrs. Jack Davis, of Columbus Grove.

## The Ellis System.

Students attending the Lima Business College for a business course, are given the Ellis Cabinet System of Actual Business, the most complete and up to date method of business training in use, and endorsed by business men as such. Lima Business College is the only school using it in this part of Ohio. The tuition is no more than for a cheap course. The tablet system is not used in our day school, but to any one desiring it, half the tuition for the cabinet system will be charged.

## The Baby! The Baby!

What they say about her: Margaret Tate, the baby elocutionist, is certainly a wonder. There are few elocutionists of mature years now before the public that rival her.

I. J. SWANSON.

The most remarkable child for her years I have ever heard of.

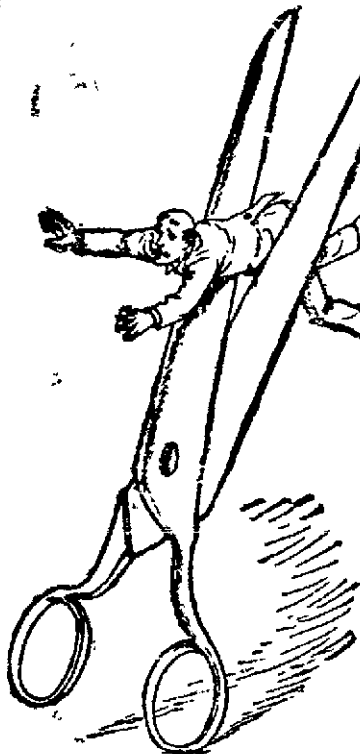
J. M. MILLS.

At A. M. E. Church Monday evening.

## Remember the Piano

Drawing, Monday morning, Jan. 2nd, at 10 a. m. All interested will be welcome. HOOVER BROS.

## CUT SALE!



On every Boy's and Man's

Winter Overcoat.

A Big Line of

Men's Storm Ulsters

Selling at Big Reductions.



MICHAELS',

"The Always Busy Store".

## DEATH

Claims Frances McFarland.

The Daily Register of Marietta, O., contains the following concerning the death of the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James McFarland, formerly of this city. Mr. McFarland was until a few months ago employed in the bureau department of the TIMES-DEMOCRAT:

Frances, the seven-year-old daughter of Mr. James McFarland, of the Register bled this morning after a lingering illness. The child had been a sufferer from stomach trouble and sank into gradual decline. The sympathy of many friends is extended to Mr. and Mrs. McFarland in their bereavement.

## Remember the Piano

Drawing, Monday morning, Jan. 2nd, at 10 a. m. All interested will be welcome. HOOVER BROS.

## "A Texas Steer" To-night.

Hoyt's "A Texas Steer," the best comedy that has come from the pen of the well known author, will be presented at the opera house to-night. It is a most laughable satire on present day politics. The company is said to be one of the best that has ever been seen in the comedy, and the engagement to be the laughing event of the season. The company is large and efficient and includes Mr. Frank McGinnis, who plays the part of Captain Bright.

## Order Your

WINES

—FOR—

CHRISTMAS

—AND—

NEW YEARS

—OF—

THE CALIFORNIA WINE CO.

## No Lights To-night.

Owing to the failure of the gas supply it is not likely that Hoover Bros.' store will be illuminated this evening.

For Sterling Silver and Gold Plated Friendship Hearts and Padlock Bracelets call on Adolph Fox. 5-2t

## School to Open.

The public schools after a week's vacation will open again next Monday morning.

The Burnot bowling alley is in excellent condition again. Fine hot lunch Saturday night. fs